Safety Data Sheet 70% Alcohol Hand Sanitizer (Fragrance Free)



1. Identification	
Product identifier	70% Alcohol Hand Sanitizer (Fragrance Free)
Product code	FLSANIH70GELFF118ML, FLSANIH70GELFF350ML, FLSANIH70GELFF500ML, FLSANIH70GELFF946ML, FLSANIH70GELFF3.78L
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Gel hand sanitizer.
Manufacturer	AEROCHEM Inc. 5977 Trans Canada Highway Pointe-Claire, QC H9R 1C1 Canada General Information: 1-888-592-5837 www.aerochem.ca info@aerochem.ca
Emergency phone number	INFOTRAC®: 1-800-535-5053 International call collect: 1-352-323-3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week

2. Hazard identification

Summary

Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not breathe vapors. Do not ingest. If medical advice is needed, have this SDS or label at hand.

WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012



Flammable liquids (Category 2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2B)

DANGER

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H320: Causes eye irritation

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P403+P235+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients		
Common name	CAS	Weight % content
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	70 %

Note: This product is not regulated by WHMIS 2015 (Hazardous Products Regulations) and by OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 (OSHA HCS 2012). Components not listed are not hazardous or are below reportable limits.

4. First-aid	measures	
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Skin contact	No first aid is necessary in normal use. In case of a spill, flush with water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Eye contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre.	
Other	No additional information.	
Symptoms	May cause redness, tearing, and eye irritation.	
Notes to the physician	No additional information.	

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals, water fog, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use a heavy water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	High <mark>ly flammable liquid and vapour.</mark> May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity.	
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Water may be ineffective to extinguish a fire, because mixtures of alcohol and water are also flammable. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.	

6. Accidental release measures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	In the event of a large spill, wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Wear chemical splash goggles.	
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry into sewers, closed areas and release to the environment.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Use caution as spill may create a slip hazard. Ventilate the area well. Remove sources of ignition. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) or wipe up with a damp mop and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Finish cleaning by rinsing with water contaminated surface. Never return the spilled product into its original container for reuse.	

7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Use in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not breathe vapors. Wear eye protection and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash before reuse.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). Store tightly closed and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat.	
Storage temperature	<30°C (86°F)	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	Ethyl alcohol: 3300 ppm.		
Ethyl alcohol	STEL 1000 ppm	ACGIH, BC, ON, RSST	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits.		
Individual protection n	neasures		
Eye	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. In the workplace, wear safety glasses with side shields. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles.		
Hands	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. In the workplace, wear Nitrile gloves. Disposable nitrile gloves can also be used, but discard after single use.		
Skin	We <mark>ar work clothing as required by em</mark> ployer code.		
Respiratory	No respiratory protective equipment is required under normal conditions of use. Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA.		
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.		

9. Physical and chemical properties			
Physical state	Viscous liquid	Flammability	Flammable.
Colour	Clear	Flammability limits	3.3 to 19%
Odour	Slight alcohol odor	Flash point	16 to 21°C (60.8 to 69.8°F) Tag Closed Cup tester
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	363°C (685.4°F)
рН	6.8 to 8	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes
Melting point	<0°C (32°F)	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	No
Freezing point	<0°C (32°F)	Vapour density	N/Av. (Air = 1)

Boiling point	78 to 79°C (172.4 to 174.2°F)	Relative density	0.9 to 1 kg/L (Water = 1)
Solubility	Soluble in water.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.
Evaporation rate	N/Av.	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.
Vapour pressure	<5.5kPa (41.3 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F)	Viscosity	1000 to 1330 cSt @ 20°C (68°F)
Percent Wt. Volatile	>94%	Molecular mass	N/Ap.
VOC (g/L)	700 to 778 g/L	% Volume Volatile (VOC)	N/Av.
VOC (lb/gal)	5.84 to 6.48 lb/gal	% Wt. Volatile (VOC)	70%
N/Av.: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established			

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	No reactivity expected.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine, fluorine, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, nitrates, chlorates, chromates, permanganates and perchlorates).
Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition product.

11. Toxicological information			
Numerical measures of toxicity	Inhalati Skin Ethyl alcohol Ingestic	on >5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 on >20 mg/l/4h Rat LC50	
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation	, ingestion.	
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact Skin contact	May cause itching, redness and skin irritation. Ethanol (CAS no 64-17-5) is moderately irritating to the eyes (Rabbit, OECD 405). Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause dry skin. Ethanol (CAS no 64-17-5) is not a skin irritant (Rabbit, OECD 404).	
	Inhalation	In the workplace, the product is rapidly absorbed by respiratory tract. May cause slight irritation of the respiratory system. Prolonged exposure may cause headache, dizziness and nausea. The severity of symptoms may vary depending on exposure conditions.	
	Ingestion	The ingestion of ethanol can cause euphoria, sensations of drunkenness followed by a depression of the central nervous system which can be manifested by headaches, nausea, dizziness, incoordination, blurred speech, mental confusion and narcosis.	
	Respiratory or skin sensitization IARC/NTP	Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not skin or respiratory sensitizers. No ingredients listed.	

	Classification	
		Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NIOSH, NTP or OSHA. Ethanol when not consumed in an alcoholic beverage is not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
		Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects.
	=	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause reproduction effects.
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No target organ is listed.
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No target organ is listed.
Interactive effects	No information availab	ole.
Other information	No additional informat	tion.

12. Ecological information					
Ecological toxicity	Fish - Pimephales promelas [flow-through] LC50 13400 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 64-17-5) Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna Aquatic Plant - Algea, Chlorella vulgaris EC50 9268 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 64-17-5) EC50 275 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 64-17-5)				
Persistence	Not persistent in environment.				
Degradability	The produ <mark>ct is a mixture whose ingredients a</mark> re readily biodegradable (> 60% in 28 days).				
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is a mixture of which all ingredients have a low bioaccumulation potential (Log Kow of <3 and / or BCF <500).				
Mobility in soil	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients evaporate very easily from the surface of the soil. Moreover, ingredients have very high mobility in soil.				
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer.				

13. Disposal considerations



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. Organic solvents and wastes residues can be reprocessed (recycle) where there is a recovery program. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information				
UN Number	UN 1993			
UN Proper Shipping Name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)			
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.			
Special precautions for user	Permit required for transportation with proper DANGER placards displayed on vehicle. Exemption available: LTD QTY according to TDG Canada - art. 1.17 - Mode of transportation on sea, applicable			

	for Canadian domestic shipments. Quantitative limits: applicable for domestic containers containing =< 5 L each.			
TDG - Transportation of	f Dangerous Goods (Canada & US DOT)			
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3			
Packing group	II A A			
Emergency response guidebook 2016	128 TM/MD			
IMO/IMDG - Internation	al Maritime Transport			
Classification	UN 1993. FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol). Class 3, PG II. Emergency schedules (EmS-No) F-E, S-E			
IATA - International Air	Transport Association			
Classification	UN 1993. FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol). Class 3, PG II.			
These transportation classifications	are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper			

transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	X	X		X

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act
- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	1 < (· V		202/304	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	('W/ A ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	CWA Prio.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	X						

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

No ingredients listed.

	Other regulations	
--	-------------------	--



16. Other in	formation
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	AEROCHEM Inc. 2020-08-19
Version	01
Other information	REFERENCES: - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, https://haz-map.com/ - NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html - The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
Powered by Revents A global vision of prevention	To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Preventis System nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.